

# Sudoku Players' Forums

 Profile

 ☐ You have no new messages

 [
 ] Memberlist

 [
 ] Usergroups

 [
 ] Log out [ denis\_berthier ]

# THE REAL DISTRIBUTION OF MINIMAL PUZZLES

Goto page <u>Previous</u> <u>1</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>3</u> ... , <u>27</u>, 28, <u>29</u> <u>Next</u>





Sudoku Players' Forums Forum Index -> General/puzzle

View previous topic :: View next topic

Author

Message

David P Bird

□ Posted: Fri Oct 02, 2009 11:35 am Post subject:

(Q quote

A question about U4s if someone would be so kind to answer:

Joined: 17 Sep 2008 Posts: 163 Location: Middle England

What is the probability of a solution grid containing N U4s? For example N = 9 as I recently found for one published puzzle.

Can we safely assume that as we randomly fill cells, the probability of a U4 is being made is independent of any previous ones that have already occurred? My instinct is that the answer to that should be no, because the options for either avoiding or hitting them must be steadily changing.

**Back to top** 



Allan Barker

□ Posted: Fri Oct 02, 2009 12:21 pm Post subject:



#### montecar.exe revision

Joined: 21 Feb 2008 Posts: 348 Location: Bangkok

#### Allan Barker wrote:

There is also a binary montecar.exe on the website so no need to compile.

Denis,

I have fixed a <u>bug</u> in the **montecar** program and posted a corrected version on my website. The problem was not in the algorithm, but in the command line program. The routine **run\_montecarlo()** returns 0 when it can't converge with in a set time limit, in which case grids should be rejected. This happens about one in about 10^5 or 10^6 times depending on the set limit. When I made the command line version, I forgot to reject these grids which could print erroneous output.

This has now been fixed.

Allan

**Back to top** 



coloin

□ Posted: Fri Oct 02, 2009 1:02 pm Post subject:



And there are no U4s in bands 1-30....[I am pretty sure]

Joined: 06 May 2005 Posts: 1079 Location: Devon UK

If all bands are 1 - we can get the MC grid [Most Canical]

This all begs the rather difficult question of the distribution and [total number] of minimal puzzles in any one grid.

The MC grid

Code:

```
|123|456|789|
456 | 789 | 123
|789|123|456
|231|564|897|
564 | 897 | 231
897 | 231 | 564
|312|645|978|
|645|978|312
978 312 645
band 111,111. It has 648 automorphism. NO U4s and a lot of U6s
```

This has the highest average clue count with suexg of 25.7 - so the real average might be around 27.7 ?

Because of the degree of automorphism, it is just about possible to find most [? all] of the non-isomorphic puzzles at the extremes of size.

Because I could - here is the distributon up to now - still some 34s to find. I will update as and when !

#### Code:

```
19
20
            1
         595
2.1
22
    170000
. .
34
      26000
35
         289
36
          11
            0
37
```

Multiplying by 648 - I am not sure if there are more total puzzles in this grid than average or not.

С

#### Back to top



#### eleven

□ Posted: Fri Oct 02, 2009 2:24 pm Post subject:



#### coloin wrote:

Joined: 10 Feb 2008 Posts: 508

Multiplying by 648 - I am not sure if there are more total puzzles in this grid than average or not.

I guess much less minimals.

A quick test with 20 mio tries only gave 5 puzzles (1 26, 3 27, 1 28), i.e. 4 mio tries/puzzle!

#### Back to top



#### denis\_berthier

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 3:47 am Post subject:



## Allan,

Joined: 19 Jun 2007

Posts: 883

Location: Paris, France

I compiled and ran the last version of montecar.c (using your compilation directives), but after running full speed (100% of CPU used) for 5 mn, there's no output. As I guess it shouldn't take so long get a grid, there must be some problem (in the output function? something specific to Windows?).

#### **Back to top**



## **PIsaacson**

☐ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 4:37 am Post subject:



Denis,

Joined: 02 Jul 2008

Posts: 200

I'm late to this party, but perhaps I can make amends by speeding up the suexg/suexg-cb programs by a Location: Campbell, CA decent factor. In catching up, I downloaded the generators, compiled them and starting building Glen's band sudz files. I tested against the 300-416.sudz using suexg-cb as posted by Eleven here

#### http://www.sudoku.com/boards/viewtopic.php?p=81638#81638

The time to produce a controlled bias puzzle seemed excessive, so I recompiled with profiling to see what was taking so long. The low hanging fruit appears to be the function solve, so I replaced it with the brute-force solver from Brian Turner as posted on the Sudoku Programmers' Forum. His bb\_solver is wicked fast, so I modified the suexq and suexq-cb code to use his bb Solve function.

As an example run, using the expanded 300-416.sudz which contains 2097068 puzzles according to wc:

```
suexg 0 1 /temp/300-416.txt -- took \sim 148 minutes. suexg.new 0 1 /temp/300-416.txt -- took \sim 30 minutes.
```

The following blocks contain tests using the suexg-cb and suexg-cb.new code and demonstrate similar speed improvements. What I'm less certain of is why there's such a large difference in the number of puzzles produced by the faster solver code. I believe the bb\_solver is exactly correct in terms of solving for 0/1/multiple solutions, but obviously it's not finding the exact same sequence of solutions. How important is that???

#### Code:

```
469> time suexg-cb 0 1 /temp/300_416.txt
1...56.8.457..9....63....2..9.847....6...8...395...7............426....3..
573943
1.3.5..8.4....6...3..5..2..6......5.3..91....9.3...9..6...7.729...3..6.5....
6004
12...6...4..18..2......75......8.96..8.9...7....6.2....4....6..7...38..86..15...
63893
1.....9.5..8.6...9..31...3...5..851....32......4...27.84.....6....94..2....
175224
....5......1.9...6.9372..52............4.9......827.6.7..4.87.56....3.41.3....
226174
..3..67...5718.6...9..........5.384..6...79...4.8.....57......1..67......4..52.8
111111
12 \dots 7 \dots 57 \dots 6.26 \dots 3 \dots \dots 4 \dots 5.78 \dots 6.4 \dots 15.374 \dots \dots 5\dots 9 \dots 8 \dots \dots 5682.3
3537
..3.5.7.9..71...3..8..23......6...4.1.2..9..9...8...3.....6....5.4.2.3......5.
27759
.23.5.78.4....6...8.7....4....1......64..583...5....49....6.....29......81..
74888
12.45..8...7.8.......3.1424...83..........91.....28.....1..6.6...2...8.25...9.
4435
1.34.6...5.1....2...2.7.4..39.....8............5.2.......91..4..2..39...64.7.
258217
\dots 5 \dots 94 \dots 9.3 \dots 98 \dots 71 \dots 2 \dots \dots 4 \dots 6.4 \dots 91 \dots \dots 5 \dots 33 \dots 6 \dots 2 \dots \dots 94 \dots 5 \dots 3 \dots 7
202533
real
         3m35.000s
user
         3m34.858s
         0m0.156s
sys
470 > time suexq-cb 0 10
 .....7.19..65....4.7.8.2...4..6....6.5..4.1...8...378..69.......45....9...3..
360464
..5........28945..8.4..6.11...3..9..........3..71.6......1983...2...25...413...
47301
51.7.....3..6.79..1....9.....4....8..2.73..6...94.2.1.316...9..5.....
.6.2..1.3......3...198.6.538...9.4..7.......2....4.5...51.3..6...2..7..5.
822478
\dots 571 \dots 3.2 \dots 8.56 \dots 94.98 \dots 8 \dots 5 \dots 472 \dots 58 \dots 38 \dots 189.47
346388
3..7...9.6...8.31..7.9.64....3.4.7....2..39.....8...3571...1...6...5..4....2
1.23774e+06
.9..6....2...5....291....4..1.2...56.7...53.18..3....68..28..3....51...34.
237063
\dots 6.4 \dots 5 \dots 2571 \dots 376 \dots 4 \dots 6 \dots 21 \dots 478 \dots 281 \dots 3 \dots 81 \dots 49.1 \dots
173369
.6 \ldots 4.9.25.8.34 \ldots ... 6.5.2.4 \ldots 1 \ldots 6.8.2 \ldots 73 \ldots ... 7.2 \ldots 8 \ldots ... 14.3 \ldots 4 \ldots ... 7
183650
\dots 3 \dots 4 \dots 246 \dots 51 \dots 2 \dots 7 \dots 94 \dots 7 \dots \dots 4 \dots 57 \dots 216 \dots 4 \dots 6 \dots \dots 7 \dots \dots 8 \dots 1 \dots 935 \dots
125450
         10m26.703s
real
         10m26.593s
user
sys
         0m0.030s
```

#### Code:

```
467> time suexg-cb.new 0 1 /temp/300 416.txt
194679
..3..6.8.4....62.9..3.74...4...91..6.152.....43..6.58....7...2....9....
2.5
      9624
.23.....94.7..9..3...3..........78.4......2...8165.42...8.......3....8.2..28...136
27
    47016
2.5
     1805
.2....89.5.1..6..9.6.....3......5.8.1...7.4.2...513..7...9...45..3....56.1...
26
     98119
\dots 4 \dots 7 \dots 5 \dots 8 \dots 986 \dots \dots 7 \dots 86 \dots 3.2 \dots 7.1.6 \dots 5.1 \dots 8.975 \dots 3.1 \dots 36
25
     96607
..3.56..9..718...39.6..7....4...9.319...2....2..1.6......57.....3..8.25....
26
    72010
.2.4..78...71.9..3.......23..45....9..73..1.7...8.35..58......6....9..8...4\dots
     40264
..34....9..718..2..8......3.....4.1..32.....9..2.5.6.7...8.......5.84...39..
2.4
     76009
1 \dots 5.7 \dots 18 \dots 3 \dots 8 \dots 7 \dots 5.9.3 \dots 1 \dots 1 \dots 5248 \dots 9 \dots 9 \dots 5 \dots 9.2 \dots \dots 3 \dots 6 \dots 6.1 \dots 7
26
    164828
....5...9..71..6.2...2..1...3.....97.7.9.2.....8.4.2..3..........95..8.1.8..6.7...
2.5
     20417
.2.4.6....7...2...73.5.2..7...63..6...8.....95....18......57....3...62..147.
26
     20083
.2..56...4....9.3..8.....4..6.4...55317..4.8..8.....3.....8.1.....9....5.6..2.
2.5
    133676
.2.4..78.....896.....3..........84.3..872.56..4...5....4...32683......5.1......
26 162721
\ldots \ldots 4.718 \ldots 9.23 \ldots 2. \ldots 7..1 \ldots 58..9.8 \ldots 3.425 \ldots 8 \ldots 9.3 \ldots \ldots 6.25.
24
     69540
...45..89...1.....8.7.2...2..5.14.6..4....13..1......346..5.....289.....9....3..
26
    112134
.2...6.894...8....6..7...4..........139...4.......2746...8..1...7.1...3.......3...6
     24193
24
26
     20837
.....678.4.7......8..3..14.758.1.6..94...1........5.31.7...6......3...682...5.
27
     90795
26
     36332
1.3.5.\dots...8.\dots..14528\dots..1\dots...7.92\dots1.36.4\dots...7.489\dots..59\dots..4.6\dots..3
   65932
26
2.5
    173967
12..56....57...63........68..3.51....68..4..85..2...82..1.......953..73.6.....
27
    208440
real
       1m36.359s
user
       1m36.093s
       0m0.156s
sys
468> time suexg-cb.new 0 10
.25..6...4.....6.3...7.1.5...8..3...1.4.7.58.....4.9.....2...852.13....6..9....
26
    105650
..53.....6.1.5..3.7...8...9.6.....78.....2...3.8.1...4.4...1...1.256....8...4....
2.5
     25409
26 210023
\dots \dots 4.7 \dots \dots 329.3 \dots 83 \dots 7 \dots 66 \dots 68 \dots 7.62 \dots 84 \dots 2.1 \dots 75 \dots \dots 42.7 \dots 6.5
26
      1208
\dots 4.21 \dots 17358 \dots 9.\dots 6\dots 31 \dots 2\dots 98\dots 53.8.6.9\dots 7\dots 8\dots 8.7\dots 32
26
   565902
1.....4.....56813.8.3.......7.4...5.2..1..8...5...9.......5.84.....8.572....7....
2.5
    172336
.5.184.7.2\dots7..5\dots..2.68.4\dots91..6\dots.7\dots7.1..2.6\dots3\dots4\dots\dots..2.9.2\dots.8
26
    24896
8.3..724....6..814.5....62...3...8...1..9.......76...462....6..7.9..5.92......
27
    209275
6..5.827...3.9.....2...4....3..97....26.1.3.4..9.527......9.6.8......
2.4
   166981
...8......91..26.....32...1...5.73..4.36...1.56.7.....2....85.1......4....63.7
26
   207929
```

real 2m4.859s user 2m4.765s sys 0m0.031s

I was going to insert Allan's monte-carlo code in suexg/suexg-cb to replace the code to internally generate a valid grid, but with the code change to use stdin and pipes, there was no need. I simply downloaded his latest montecar.c & montecar.h file and built an executable using gcc on mingw. I didn't have any problems, so perhaps you just need to download the updated code???

Anyway, the bb\_solver looks promising in terms of speeding up what appears to be extremely long runs against extremely large data bases in order to produce a set of controlled biased puzzles.

Cheers,

Paul

#### Back to top



#### Allan Barker

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 4:50 am Post subject:



Joined: 21 Feb 2008

Posts: 348 Location: Bangkok

## denis\_berthier wrote:

#### Allan,

I compiled and ran the last version of montecar.c (using your compilation directives), but after running full speed (100% of CPU used) for 5 mn, there's no output. As I guess it shouldn't take so long get a grid, there must be some problem (in the output function? something specific to Windows?).

You should not need to wait for more than 3ms for the first output as the program does not buffer any output. I downloaded the version on the website and recomplied. Both **montecar 0 100** and redirection with **montecar 0 100 > myfile** work fine.

- Q. what command line are you using?
- Q. What OS and compiler?

Edit: Just realized, it could be that the pipe is being buffered, depending on OS and how your compiler is terminating a line (DOS 0D, 0A) or (unix OA). This would look like a delay for a large number of grids. The fix is to use fflush(stdout), which is in the other program you are using.

Replace the print\_grid() routing with the following.

## Code:

#### **Back to top**



## denis\_berthier

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 5:39 am Post subject:



# Allan Barker wrote:

Joined: 19 Jun 2007 Posts: 883

Location: Paris, France

Q. What do you see if you run in the console without redirecting the outout?

Nothing, but the program runs.

#### Allan Barker wrote:

Q. What command line are you using for redirection?

None. This is my command line: ./montecar.exe 0 5

#### Allan Barker wrote:

Q. what OS and compiler are you using?

Mac OSX 10.6

gcc

gcc -O3 -Wall montecar.c -o montecar.exe

I also tried without the compilation options (-O3 and -Wall), but it doesn't change anything.

#### Allan Barker wrote:

Try. Change ... In theory, these should all work.

But they don't.

The program runs for ever but outputs nothing.

I've dowloded your last version, but now I get a compilation error:

#### Code:

```
montecar.c:30:17: error: mem.h: No such file or directory
montecar.c: In function 'mc_populate':
montecar.c:156: warning: implicit declaration of function 'memset'
montecar.c:156: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in
function 'memset'
montecar.c: In function 'mc_place':
montecar.c:179: warning: control reaches end of non-void function
```

#### Allan Barker wrote:

Edit: Just realized, it could be that the pipe is being buffered, depending on OS and how your compiler is terminating a line (DOS 0D, 0A) or (unix OA). This could delay output for a large number of grids. The fix is fflush(stdout), which is in the other program you are using.

No, the problem isn't there. In suexg, printf works fine.

Last edited by denis\_berthier on Sat Oct 03, 2009 5:49 am; edited 1 time in total

## Back to top



## denis\_berthier

D Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 5:48 am Post subject:



## PIsaacson wrote:

Joined: 19 Jun 2007 Posts: 883

Location: Paris, France

The low hanging fruit appears to be the function solve, so I replaced it with the brute-force solver from Brian Turner as posted on the Sudoku Programmers' Forum. His bb\_solver is wicked fast, so I modified the suexg and suexg-cb code to use his bb Solve function.

Hi Paul,

Where exactly is the code for this brute-force solver?

[Edit: Found it http://www.setbb.com/sudoku/viewtopic.php?t=1663&mforum=sudoku. It is said it has a lot of Windows specific code.

The main "idea" is that it computes singles. Doesn't the solve function in suexg use singles information?]

## PIsaacson wrote:

What I'm less certain of is why there's such a large difference in the number of puzzles produced by the faster solver code. I believe the bb\_solver is exactly correct in terms of solving for 0/1/multiple solutions, but obviously it's not finding the exact same sequence of solutions. How important is that???

As the new-solve function is used only as a test and as it should always give the same 0/1/2 value as solve, it should give exactly the same puzzles with exactly the same numbers of grids used. So - if you've been using the same seed each time - there must be a bug in one of these functions. Given the potential improvement in speed, it's worth investigating.

#### Back to top



Allan Barker

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 6:38 am Post subject:



#### denis\_berthier wrote:

Joined: 21 Feb 2008 Posts: 348

Location: Bangkok

No, the problem isn't there. In suexg, printf works fine.

I think old and new were getting mixed up. As a last shot try the renamed montercarlo.exe, .c , and .h now on the website. It's got fflush() and pipes OK for me here. I don't have a mac, but admire them.

#### **Back to top**



#### denis\_berthier

D Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 7:04 am Post subject:



Joined: 19 Jun 2007

Posts: 883 Location: Paris, France rosted. 3at Oct 03, 2009 7.04 am Fost subject

For those interested in fast sudoku solvers: the free Sage 4.1.1 mathematical software (http://www.sagemath.org/) includes one, based on DLX and exact covers. It is said to be the fastest in the world.

The source code should be somewhere, but I'ven't found it (I didn't spend much time looking for it).

From the Ref Manual, section 6.1:

#### 6.1 Sudoku Puzzles

This module provides algorithms to solve Sudoku puzzles, plus tools for inputting, converting and displaying various

ways of writing a puzzle or its solution(s). Primarily this is accomplished with the sage.games.sudoku.Sudoku

class, though the legacy top-level sage.games.sudoku.sudoku() function is also available.

- Tom Boothby (2008/05/02): Exact Cover, Dancing Links algorithm
- Robert Beezer (2009/05/29): Backtracking algorithm, Sudoku class

#### From 4.1.1 Release notes / Miscellaneous:

An optimized Sudoku solver (Rob Beezer, Tom Boothby) — Support two algorithms for efficiently solving a Sudoku puzzle: a backtrack algorithm and the DLX algorithm. Generally, the DLX algorithm is very fast and very consistent. The backtrack algorithm is very variable in its performance, on some occasions markedly faster than DLX but usually slower by a similar factor, with the potential to be orders of magnitude slower.

...

We also compare the performance between the backtrack algorithm and the DLX algorithm.

#### Back to top



#### Red Ed

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 7:33 am Post subject:



### PIsaacson wrote:

Joined: 06 Jun 2005 Posts: 753

What I'm less certain of is why there's such a large difference in the number of puzzles produced by the faster solver code. I believe the bb\_solver is exactly correct in terms of solving for 0/1/multiple solutions, but obviously it's not finding the exact same sequence of solutions. How important is that???

You shouldn't expect the exact same sequence because *suexg* uses the same RNG for puzzle creation as it does for solving (i.e. shared internal RNG state). So switching out *suexg*'s solver for another means that the puzzle creator will have different RNG state available to it (because the solver is no longer advancing the state in between times).

## **Back to top**



### denis\_berthier

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 8:47 am Post subject:

denis\_berthier wrote:



Joined: 19 Jun 2007 Posts: 883 Location: Paris, France

# Allan Barker wrote:

No, the problem isn't there. In suexg, printf works fine.

I think old and new were getting mixed up. As a last shot try the renamed montercarlo.exe, .c , and .h now on the website. It's got fflush() and pipes OK for me here. I don't have a mac, but admire them.

I tried again but still no output.

I therefore tried on a distant Unix machine and it works.

I finally found the solution: in your code, there must be something incompatible with 64-bit mode. The default behaviour on Mac OS X 10.6 is 64-bit mode and the -O3 option includes the -m64.

If I compile with only

gcc -m32 -Wall montecar.c -o montecar.exe

it works.

Piping works also. Using

./montecar.exe 0 1000000 | ./suexg-cb-count-optim46-stream.exe 0 10 -

I got the first minimals:

.4.3...2....5...896..7...3..2.8.....4.6...8.2...5..96211....5.9...7.8.. 665090
..48.1....6.593..3..6.....8..7.....377.9.6...1.9..1.5.3..1...9....7.51.4 138788
41...7.6.9...53...3..9..4.4...6..1.8.75.....4.1.3...142..72...3....2...5 324863
....3...6..48..7.9.7.5...4....2.3.....5..7.34...6.3.62.81.56...3....7...5 319723
9....4.1...1..29...32....1.8.9..7.6......49.23.6...1...62..3...78...45.... 94452
.3....8.1.....4.8..71.91..4...3...1..2.6...9...6.8...2.5...2..4...74..35 346644
.7...2..3.8.......86.47...41.9...9..651..1.4.....3.6...56...4...8...23... 44825
.1...7.3......25...9.8....7...8.9...1...51.32.6...25.6.7....7....2.39... 94360

Back to top



denis\_berthier

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 9:38 am Post subject:



Joined: 19 Jun 2007

Posts: 883

Location: Paris, France

#### denis\_berthier wrote:

## PIsaacson wrote:

What I'm less certain of is why there's such a large difference in the number of puzzles produced by the faster solver code. I believe the bb\_solver is exactly correct in terms of solving for 0/1/multiple solutions, but obviously it's not finding the exact same sequence of solutions. How important is that???

As the new-solve function is used only as a test and as it should always give the same 0/1/2 value as solve, it should give exactly the same puzzles with exactly the same numbers of grids used.

So - if you've been using the same seed each time - there must be a bug in one of these functions.

Given the potential improvement in speed, it's worth investigating.

#### Red Ed wrote:

You shouldn't expect the exact same sequence because *suexg* uses the same RNG for puzzle creation as it does for solving (i.e. shared internal RNG state). So switching out *suexg*'s solver for another means that the puzzle creator will have different RNG state available to it (because the solver is no longer advancing the state in between times).

I had forgotten that solve() also uses the RNG.

But, as you have another generator in your code, you could use MRW inside the solve function and the other one outside (or vice-versa)

Then you should find exactly the same sequence of minimals and the same numbers of grids used.

Back to top



PIsaacson

□ Posted: Sat Oct 03, 2009 10:05 am Post subject:



Denis,

Joined: 02 Jul 2008 Posts: 200

I downloaded the sage source distribution and found the sudoku and back-tracking source in the Location: Campbell, CA compressed file sage-4.1.1/spkg/standard/sage-4.1.1.spkg. Upon expanding with 7Zip, the actual source code is in sage/games/sudoku.py and sudoku backtrack.pyx. These are coded using python and cython, so I'm pretty skeptical of the "fastest" claim. I couldn't get the sage package to install or compile cleanly, so I can't run any actual timing tests against other solvers. If someone else can get it installed on their system, try timing against the tarek\_pearly6000 puzzles.

> The bb\_solver whips through them all in 1.273 seconds, or about 212 usec/puzzle. My C++ DLX method takes 6.916 seconds total which works out to about 1153 usec/puzzle.

As for the bb solver code... I had to make lots of changes to his v06 code to get it to work as a direct replacement for the suexg/suexg-cb solve function, so I'd like to e-mail Brian Turner asking permission to release the modified solver code as a separate library. Plus I need to stress test it and get more profiling info

I should have the entire first 100 bands finished in a few hours, so I've got lots of grids to test. Is there anything in particular you would like to see compared/testged using the new suexg-cb with the bb solver vs. the prior version?

Regarding the random number generators: I prefer the boost::lagged fibonacci 607 to the newly implemented Mersenne Twister code in the latest version of suexg-cb.c, so I may use that throughout the code to separate the solver usage from the main generator logic.

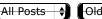
Cheers, Paul

Last edited by PIsaacson on Sat Oct 03, 2009 10:14 am; edited 1 time in total

Back to top



Display posts from previous: All Posts | Oldest First











Sudoku Players' Forums Forum Index -> General/puzzle

Goto page <u>Previous</u> <u>1</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>3</u> ... , <u>27</u>, 28, <u>29</u> <u>Next</u>

Page 28 of 29

Stop watching this topic

Jump to: General/puzzle

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